Serial No.: 10/087,610 Filing Date: 3/1/2002

illing Date: 3/1/2002 Attorney Docket No. 100.152US01

Title: DIGITAL PLL WITH CONDITIONAL HOLDOVER

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of claims:

- 1. (Previously Presented) A phase locked loop, comprising:
- a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;
- a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;
- an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;
- a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive a status message indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and
- a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to selectively place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition in response to the status message;

wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition when a quality level of the reference clock signal indicated by the status message is less than an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

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2. (Original) The phase locked loop of claim 1, wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to selectively place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition in response to the status message regardless of a validity of the reference clock signal.

3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Previously Presented) A phase locked loop, comprising:
- a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal, wherein the reference clock signal is selected from a group consisting of a primary reference clock signal and at least one secondary reference clock signal;
- a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;

an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

- a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive status messages indicative of a quality level of the primary reference clock signal and the at least one secondary reference clock signal; and
- a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status messages and to selectively place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition in response to the status messages;

wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition when a quality level of the primary reference clock signal and the at least one secondary

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reference clock signal indicated by the status message is less than an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

5. (Previously Presented) A phase locked loop, comprising:

a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;

a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;

an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive a status message indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and

a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below a target quality level:

wherein the target quality level is an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

6. (Canceled)

(Original) The phase locked loop of claim 5, wherein the expected quality level is at least a Stratum 2 level.

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8. (Original) The phase locked loop of claim 5, wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below the target quality level when the reference clock signal is valid.

9. (Previously Presented) A phase locked loop, comprising:

a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal, wherein the reference clock signal is selected from a group consisting of a primary reference clock signal and at least one secondary reference clock signal:

a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;

an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive status messages indicative of a quality level of the primary reference clock signal and the at least one secondary reference clock signal; and

a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status messages and to place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by each status message is below a target quality level regardless of a validity of any reference clock signal;

wherein the target quality level is an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

10. (Previously Presented) A timing circuit, comprising:

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a receiver coupled to receive a communications signal and for recovering clock and data signals and a status message therefrom;

a framer for locating a frame pulse and generating a reference clock signal from the recovered clock and data signals; and

a phase locked loop coupled to receive the reference clock signal and to generate a timing signal therefrom, the phase locked loop comprising:

a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;

a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;

an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive the status message, wherein the status message is indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and

a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to selectively place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition in response to the status message; and

a pre-scaler interposed between the framer and the phase locked loop.

11. (Canceled)

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12. (Previously Presented) A timing circuit, comprising:

- a receiver coupled to receive a communications signal and for recovering clock and data signals and a status message therefrom;
- a framer for locating a frame pulse and generating a reference clock signal from the recovered clock and data signals; and
 - a phase locked loop coupled to receive the reference clock signal and to generate a timing signal therefrom, the phase locked loop comprising:
- a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;
- a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal;
- an oscillator having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;
- a processor coupled to the oscillator, wherein the processor is further coupled to receive the status message, wherein the status message is indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and
- a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor, wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below a target quality level; and
 - a pre-scaler interposed between the framer and the phase locked loop.

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13.(Original) The timing circuit of claim 12, wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below the target quality level when the reference clock signal is valid.

14. (Cancelled)

15. (Previously Presented) A shelf controller for controlling synchronization of shelf elements in a communications network element, the shelf controller comprising:

a processor;

- a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor; and
- a timing circuit coupled to the processor and providing a timing signal for controlling synchronization of the shelf elements in the communications network element, wherein the timing circuit comprises:
- a receiver coupled to receive a communications signal and for recovering clock and data signals and a status message therefrom;
- a framer for locating a frame pulse and generating a reference clock signal from the recovered clock and data signals, wherein the status message is indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and
- a phase locked loop coupled to receive the reference clock signal and to generate a timing signal therefrom, the phase locked loop comprising:
- a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;

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a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal; and

an oscillator coupled to the processor and having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to selectively place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition in response to the status message; and

wherein the instructions stored on the machine-readable medium are capable of causing the processor to place the phase locked loop in the holdover condition when a quality level of the reference clock signal indicated by the status message is less than an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

16. (Original) A network element for a communications network, the network element comprising:

a shelf backplane; and

a plurality of shelf elements coupled to the shelf backplane, wherein the plurality of shelf elements includes at least one shelf controller for controlling synchronization of the plurality of shelf elements, the at least one shelf controller comprising:

a processor;

a machine-readable medium coupled to the processor; and

a timing circuit coupled to the processor and providing a timing signal for controlling synchronization of the shelf elements in the communications network element, wherein the timing circuit comprises: Serial No.: 10/087,610 Filing Date: 3/1/2002

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a receiver coupled to receive a communications signal and for recovering clock and data signals and a status message therefrom;

- a framer for locating a frame pulse and generating a reference clock signal from the recovered clock and data signals, wherein the status message is indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and
- a phase locked loop coupled to receive the reference clock signal and to generate a timing signal therefrom, the phase locked loop comprising:
- a phase comparator having a first input for receiving a reference clock signal, a second input for receiving a feedback signal, and an output for providing an error signal;
- a loop filter having an input for receiving the error signal and an output for providing a control signal; and

an oscillator coupled to the processor and having an input for receiving the control signal and an output for providing a timing signal, wherein the feedback signal is derived from the timing signal;

wherein the timing circuit provides a synchronization timing signal to the shelf backplane for the synchronization of the plurality of shelf elements;

wherein the synchronization timing signal is derived from the first timing signal; and

wherein the machine-readable medium has instructions stored thereon capable of causing the processor to monitor the status message and to selectively place the phase locked loop in a holdover condition in response to the status message.

17. (Previously Presented) A method of generating a timing signal, comprising: generating the timing signal from a reference clock signal in a phase locked loop;

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monitoring a status message indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and

placing the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below a target level;

wherein the method is performed in the order presented;

wherein the target level is an expected quality level of the phase locked loop in the holdover condition.

18. (Canceled)

19. (Canceled)

- 20. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the expected quality level is a Stratum 2 level.
- 21. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein placing the phase locked loop in the holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below the target level occurs when the reference clock signal is valid.
 - 22. (Previously Presented) A method of generating a timing signal, comprising: generating the timing signal from a reference clock signal in a phase locked

loop, wherein the reference clock signal is selected from the group consisting of a primary reference clock signal and at least one secondary reference clock signal;

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monitoring status messages indicative of a quality level of the primary reference clock signal and the at least one secondary reference clock signal; and

placing the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level

indicated by each status message is below a target level regardless of a validity of any reference clock signal; and

wherein the method is performed in the order presented.

23. (Canceled)

24. (Original) The method of claim 22, further comprising:

maintaining the phase locked loop in the holdover condition until at least one of the reference clock signals is valid and has a status message indicating a quality level at or above the target level.

25. (Original) The method of claim 24, wherein the phase locked loop is maintained in the holdover condition for a predetermined period after a reference clock signal having a valid status has a status message indicating a quality level at or above the target level.

26. (Currently Amended) A method of generating a timing signal, comprising:

during a time when a primary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above a target level:

generating a first error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the primary reference clock signal and a first feedback signal;

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filtering the first error signal to produce a first control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the first control signal; and deriving the first feedback signal from the timing signal;

during a time when the primary reference clock signal is failed or has an indicated quality level below the target level, and when a secondary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above the target level:

generating a second error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the secondary reference clock signal and a second feedback signal;

filtering the second error signal to produce a second control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the second control signal; and deriving the second feedback signal from the timing signal; and

during a time when each reference clock signal is failed or has an indicated quality level below the target level:

generating a holdover control signal; and
generating a timing signal in response to the holdover control signal;
wherein the method is performed in the order presented; and

wherein the indicated quality level of least one of the primary reference clock signal and the secondary reference clock signal is determined based at least in part on a received status message.

27. (Canceled)

28. (Currently Amended) A method of generating a timing signal, comprising:

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during a time when a primary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above a target level:

generating a first error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the primary reference clock signal and a first feedback signal;

filtering the first error signal to produce a first control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the first control signal; and deriving the first feedback signal from the timing signal;

during a time when the primary reference clock signal either is failed or is valid and has an indicated quality level below the target level, and when a secondary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above the target level:

generating a second error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the secondary reference clock signal and a second feedback signal;

> filtering the second error signal to produce a second control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the second control signal; and deriving the second feedback signal from the timing signal; and

during a time when each reference clock signal either is failed or is valid and has an indicated quality level below the target level:

generating a holdover control signal; and

generating a timing signal in response to the holdover control signal;

wherein the method is performed in the order presented; and

wherein the indicated quality level of least one of the primary reference clock signal and the secondary reference clock signal is determined based at least in part on a received status message.

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29. (Canceled)

30. (Previously Presented) A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon capable of causing a processor to perform a method of generating a timing signal, the method comprising:

generating the timing signal from a reference clock signal in a phase locked loop;

monitoring a status message indicative of a quality level of the reference clock signal; and

placing the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below a target level;

wherein the method is performed in the order presented.

- 31. (Original) The machine-readable medium of claim 30, wherein placing the phase locked loop in the holdover condition if the quality level indicated by the status message is below the target level occurs when the reference clock signal is valid.
- 32. (Previously Presented) A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon capable of causing a processor to perform a method of generating a timing signal, the method comprising:

generating the timing signal from a reference clock signal in a phase locked loop, wherein the reference clock signal is selected from the group consisting of a primary reference clock signal and at least one secondary reference clock signal;

monitoring status messages indicative of a quality level of the primary reference clock signal and the at least one secondary reference clock signal; and

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placing the phase locked loop in a holdover condition if the quality level indicated by each status message is below a target level regardless of a validity of any reference clock signal;

wherein the method is performed in the order presented.

33. (Previously Presented) A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon capable of causing a processor to perform a method of generating a timing signal, the method comprising:

during a time when a primary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above a target level:

generating a first error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the primary reference clock signal and a first feedback signal;

filtering the first error signal to produce a first control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the first control signal; and deriving the first feedback signal from the timing signal;

during a time when the primary reference clock signal is failed or has an indicated quality level below the target level, and when a secondary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above the target level:

generating a second error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the secondary reference clock signal and a second feedback signal;

filtering the second error signal to produce a second control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the second control signal; and deriving the second feedback signal from the timing signal; and

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during a time when each reference clock signal is failed or has an indicated quality level below the target level:

generating a holdover control signal; and
generating a timing signal in response to the holdover control signal;
wherein the method is performed in the order presented.

34. (Previously Presented) A machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon capable of causing a processor to perform a method of generating a timing signal, the method comprising:

during a time when a primary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above a target level:

generating a first error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the primary reference clock signal and a first feedback signal;

filtering the first error signal to produce a first control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the first control signal; and deriving the first feedback signal from the timing signal;

during a time when the primary reference clock signal either is failed or is valid and has an indicated quality level below the target level, and when a secondary reference clock signal is valid and has an indicated quality level at or above the target level:

generating a second error signal indicative of a phase relationship between the secondary reference clock signal and a second feedback signal;

> filtering the second error signal to produce a second control signal; generating the timing signal in response to the second control signal; and deriving the second feedback signal from the timing signal; and

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during a time when each reference clock signal either is failed or is valid and has an indicated quality level below the target level:

generating a holdover control signal; and

generating a timing signal in response to the holdover control signal;

wherein the method is performed in the order presented